

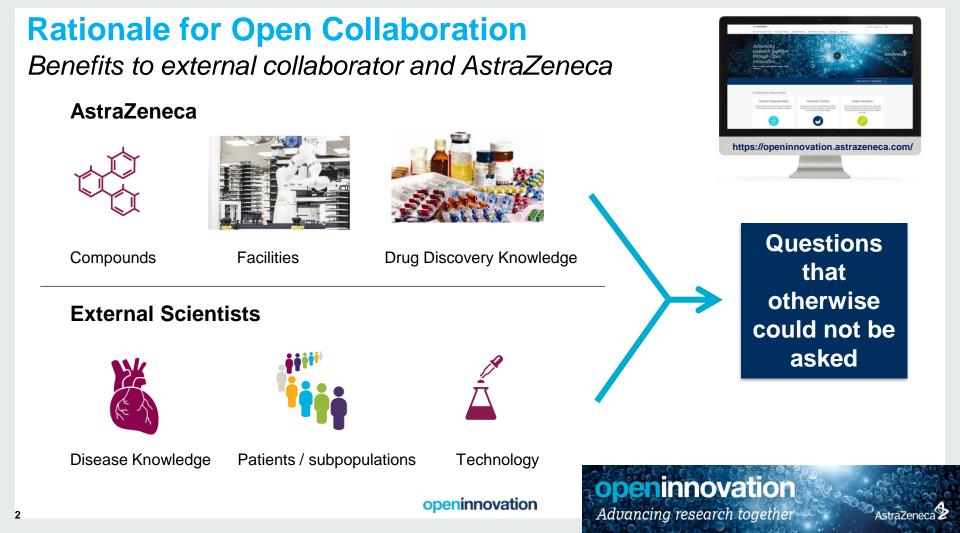
OPEN INNOVATION PARTNERSHIPS AT ASTRAZENECA:

Dave Smith & Adrian Freeman

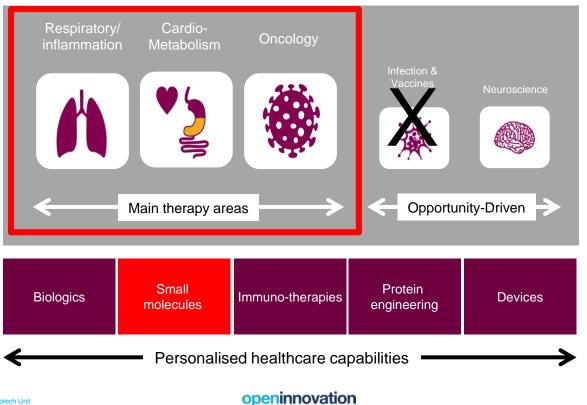
Open Access to Drug Discovery - CATS

23rd November 2018





Key Therapy Areas for AstraZeneca



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AstraZeneca Open Innovation 1

Clinical Compound Bank

Access our patient-ready compounds with evidence of human target coverage and manageable tolerability.

Preclinical Toolbox

Access compounds with optimised pharmacological properties for preclinical research to study pathways and mechanisms of disease biology.

Target Innovation

Have a novel target idea or assay for a drug discovery project? Our diverse High Throughput Screening (HTS) compound library may help you advance or validate your idea.







Delivered: • 30 ISS clinical validation studies

Disease indication agnostic

Delivered: • 150+ projects approved

Primarily in AZ main therapy areas

Delivered: • 62 projects on-going/complete

Now aligned to AZ R&D focus areas



AstraZeneca Open Innovation 2

New Molecule Profiling

Explore the properties and therapeutic potential of your novel compounds by leveraging our cheminformatic and screening technologies.

Challenges

Offer and be rewarded for your innovative ideas and research expertise to help overcome difficult R&D barriers.

Data Library

Access preclinical data sets on our early development compounds for data mining and research purposes. to enhance understanding of translation to human efficacy and safety.







Delivered: • 30,000 natural product compounds added to AZ's HTS library

Delivered:

- 17 challenges run
- 2 collaborations delivered solutions

Launched June 2017

- Preclinical safety data
- Oncology combinations data



Preclinical Toolbox & Clinical Compound Bank

How does it work?

AZ Open Innovation web portal provides:

- List of available compounds
- Mechanism of action / target class
- Original disease area / indication(s)
- Route of administration
- CNS penetration



Preclinical pharmacology

AZD5213 is potent (K10.56M; dissolitation K8.0.26M); competitive: rapidly reversible, functional antagonit (inverse agonist; ICg₂ of 3nM) at the human H3 receptor. It occupies H3 receptors with an *in vivo* pKi of 8.5, 8.3 and 8.4 (free concentration in brain) for rat, nouse and NHP; respectively. AZD5213 was tested against a braid panel of 335 other receptors and enzymes at 10µM without significant activity (>50% inhibition) for any. *In vivo*. It triggers the release of histamine as well as the neurotransmitters acetylobilize, dopamine and norepinephnine in rat preforatio acets following dors; AZD5213 has been shown to reverse acoptamine-induced memory deficit; increase novel object recognition; and reverse neuropathic in various rodent models.

Safety and tolerability

AZD6213 has been administered orally to healthy volunteers in single doses up to 80mg and multiple doses up to 18mg OD for 10 days. The most frequent and dosing limiting adverse effects were sleep disorder, night sweats, and decreased quantity as well as quality of sleep. Other common AEs include mild to moderate nause and headsche.

Preclinical studies of up to 6 months duration have been performed.

Clinical pharmacology

A2D5213 was rapidly absorbed (T_{mer} of 0.7-2.0 hrs) after oral administration with an overall terminal t% of 5-7 hours. In vitro studies show a low risk for DDIs. PET studies demostrated saturable, concentration-dependent occupancy of H3 receptors with an estimated kipi of 1.14 nM. Receptor concupancy of <-50% was oblieved at a dose of 0.1mg.

Suitable for and exclusions

Preclinical reprotoxicology data are available and have not identified any specific risks. Women of child-bearing potential using highly effective contraception can be included.

Indications and dosing regimen should consider the potential for and optimisation of efficacy while minimizing the mechanismbased adverse effect on sitep. Given the strong association between dose, plasma concentration and brain receptor occupancy as well as the rapid absorption and relatively short 15, data is available to potentially optimise benefit (day time efface) versus risk (night time sleep disturbance).

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Applications to AZ Open Innovation

Guiding Principles

- · Review what we offer
- Submit a non-confidential proposal
- If mutual interest \Rightarrow discuss further (CDA, MTA)
- If positive results ⇒ AZ option to negotiate license

More details:

- Pre-existing IP remains with original owner
- New IP ownership framework taking into account the contribution of each party. Generally data belongs to academic partner and AZ only claims compounds developed by AZ
 Publication encouraged





Data Library

- New data library module launched June 2017
- Only pharma company openly sharing large amounts of preclinical data
- Oncology combinations and preclinical safety data currently available; more coming later in 2017

Acew Data Library Module Launched Strikel Compound Bank Preclinical Toolbox Target Innovation New Molecule Profiling Challenge Data Library

Jump to section

- What we offer
 Preclinical safety data
- Oncology combinations data

We offer access to preclinical data sets on our early development compounds for data mining and research purposes. The aim is to enhance understanding of translation to human efficacy and safety.

Available data sets:

- Preclinical safety data: contains in vivo data in standard models to provide insight into compounds and explore relationships in data to better understand preclinical safety profiles and translation to human safety
- Oncology combinations data: contains 11,000 data points from over 100 oncology drugs tested in combination, for the purpose of assessing and predicting drug combination synergies.

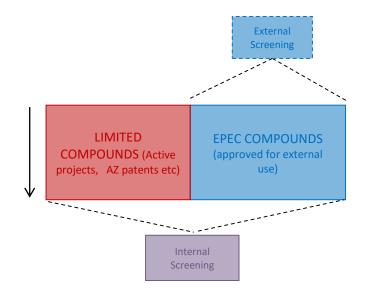
Interested investigators are invited to

- Learn more about the available data sets through the information on this site
- Submit a brief proposal on how you intend to use the data set
- Access our data once your application has been approved





Target Innovation: External Partnership Screening Set



EPEC- a flexible screening set for external partnerships

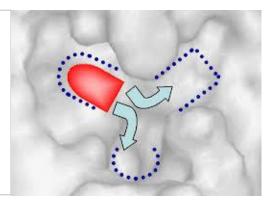
- Includes compounds of sufficient volume, without current project activity constraints; no ELF set, or AZ patent compounds
- External screening partners can access sets of up to 250k compounds in 50k tranches
- AZ also screens this set as part of our HTS strategy
- Allows external screening partners broad coverage of AZ collection's chemical space



More screening collections available

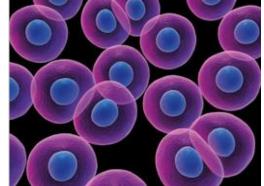
Fragments

- >17K fragments
- Average 15 heavy atoms
- Average cLogP = 1.3.
- The set can be screened as a whole or as a subset that can be cherry-picked depending on the throughput of the assay technology



Annotated Phenotypic Library

- 14K well annotated tool compounds.
- Compounds that have an affinity of < 100 nM on > 1200 human targets.
 - Pre- and clinical candidates
 - Compounds profiled extensively in selectivity panels,
 - Tool compounds
 - Marketed drugs
 - Many compounds not commercially available
- Powerful chem- and bioinformatics methods can be applied to identify a preliminary target list







Discover more at openinnovation.astrazeneca.com

and

https://www.astrazeneca.com/partnering/externally-sponsored-scientific-research.html

But most importantly please talk to us: Adrian Freeman (Clinical and preclinical compounds, Data Library) <u>adrian.freeman1@astrazeneca.com</u> Dave Smith (Target Innovation, New Molecule Profiling) <u>dave.smith@astrazeneca.com</u>

